- of the Constitution of the United States and Florida government, including study of the State Constitution, the three branches of the state government and municipal and county government.
- 3. African American History, pursuant to 1003.42 F.S. Instruction in the history of African Americans will include the history of African peoples before the political conflicts that led to the development of slavery, the passage to America, the enslavement experience, abolition, and the contributions of African Americans to society. Such history will be presented in high school American History classes, eighth grade social studies and in other grades or classes where this content is already a part of the curriculum.
- 4. The Holocaust, pursuant to 1003.42 F.S. The history of the Holocaust (1933-1945) and the systematic, planned annihilation of European Jews and other groups by Nazi Germany during World War II will be taught in high school World History classes, in middle grades classes and other grades as designated by the district curriculum. Teaching of the Holocaust should lead to an investigation of human behavior, and understanding of the ramifications of prejudice, racism, and stereotyping and an examination of what it means to be a responsible and respectful person, for the purposes of encouraging tolerance of diversity in a pluralistic society and for nurturing and protecting democratic values and institutions, including the definition, historical and current examples of anti-Semitism and the prevention of anti-Semitism. The second week in November is designated as Holocaust Education Week to recognize the anniversary of Kristallnacht, which is widely recognized as a precipitating event that led to the Holocaust.
- 5. United States History, pursuant to 1003.42 F.S. The history of the United States, including the period of discovery, early colonies, the War for Independence, the Civil War, the expansion of the United States to its present boundaries, the world wars, and the civil rights movement to the present. American History shall be viewed as factual, not as constructed, shall be viewed as knowable, teachable, and testable, and shall be defined as the creation of a new nation based largely on the universal principles stated in the Declaration of Independence.
- 6. Other required instruction, pursuant to 1003.42 F.S. In appropriate classes throughout the K-12 curriculum, schools will teach the following: The history and content of the Declaration of the Independence, including national sovereignty, natural law, self-evident truth, equality of all persons, limited government, popular sovereignty, and inalienable rights of life, liberty and property (including its study and recitation at all grade levels during the state-designated week in September); the importance of the Federalist Papers in presenting the arguments in support of adopting our republican form of government; the history, meaning, significance, and effect of the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and amendments thereto, with emphasis on each of the 10 amendments that make up the Bill of Rights and how the constitution provides the structure of our