

## Article IV: Relationships...

### **-Republican Form of Government -**

- The Constitution requires the National Government to “guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican Form of Government.”

### **-Invasion and Internal Disorder-**

- The National Government is also required to provide defense of the States from foreign invasion, and aid in protecting against “domestic Violence” in the States.

### **-Respect for Territorial Integrity-**

- The National Government is constitutionally bound to respect the territorial integrity of each of the States.

### **-Admitting New States-**

- Only Congress has the power to admit new States to the Union they pass the **enabling act**, writing of state constitution; then passes **act of admission**, an act creating the new State.

### **-Economics-**

- **Grants-in-aid** programs are grants of federal money or other resources to the States and/or their cities, counties, and other local units.
- **Categorical Grants** are made for some specific, closely defined purpose, such as school lunch programs or the construction of airports or water treatment plants. There are usually conditions, or “strings,” attached to regulate the use of these funds.
- **Block Grants** are portions of money allocated to States to use for broader purposes, such as health care, social services, or welfare. Block grants often are granted with fewer strings attached.
- **Project grants** are provided to States, localities, and sometimes private agencies that apply for them. They are used for a variety of purposes ranging from medical research to job training and employment programs.

### **-Interstate Compacts-**

- No State may enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation, but may enter into interstate compacts—agreements among states. Example: from sharing law-enforcement data to resource development and conservation.

### **-Extradition-**

- Extradition is the legal process by which a fugitive from justice in one State is returned to that State.
- If a governor is unwilling to return a fugitive to a State, federal courts can intervene and order that governor to do so.

### **-Privileges and Immunities-**

- The Privileges and Immunities Clause provides that no State can draw **unreasonable distinctions** between its own residents and those persons traveling or new residents.  
**Example:** can't pay lower welfare benefits to newly arrived residents.